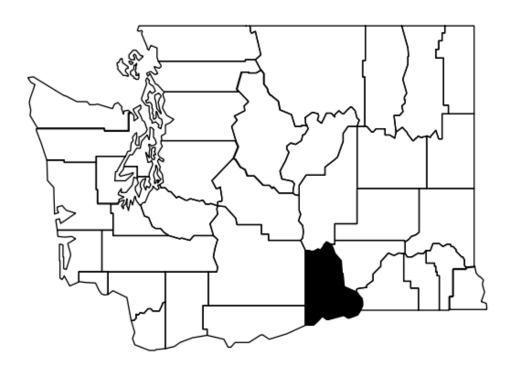
Sexually Transmitted Infection Profile

Benton County 2020



Disease Control and Health Statistics Infectious Disease Assessment Unit



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Contents

Introduction
Data Sources, Definitions, and Limitations
County STI Trends Table 1. Washington State Reportable Sexually Transmitted Infections, 20204
<u>Chlamydia</u> Figure 1. Chlamydia Cases and Incidence Rates per 100,000 population, 2001-20204
Gonorrhea Figure 2. Gonorrhea Cases and Incidence Rates per 100,000 population, 2001-20205
Primary & Secondary Syphilis Figure 3. Primary & Secondary Syphilis Cases and Incidence Rates, 2001-20205
Data Tables Tables 11 C 1 1 C 1 1 C 1 1 C 1 1 C 1 C 1 C 1
Table 2. Chlamydia Cases and Incidence Rates by Gender and Age Group, 2011-2020
Group, 2011-2020

Introduction

Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) continue to be the most frequently diagnosed and reported notifiable conditions in Washington State. This report describes the STI burden in Benton County. Data are presented for the more commonly reported diseases of chlamydial infection, gonorrhea, primary and secondary syphilis, and genital herpes. Figures are presented for chlamydial infection, gonorrhea, and primary and secondary syphilis, when at least ten (10) cases were diagnosed in 2020. The corresponding incidence rates are presented graphically when there are greater than sixteen (16) cases diagnosed within one year. The report concludes with tables containing a decade of historical data by age group and gender for chlamydial infection, gonorrhea, and primary and secondary syphilis, when at least twenty (20) cases were diagnosed in 2020. To protect patient confidentiality, data within these tables is suppressed if stratified counts are less than ten (10) or could be used to deduce other counts that are less than ten (10). Due to small number standards, gender data is only stratified by people who identify as male or female. People who identify as transgender, nonbinary, or other gender identity are included within the annual total case count. For this reason, total annual case counts may appear higher than the sum of individual cells.

Data Sources, Definitions and Limitations

<u>Cases</u>: Surveillance cases are the number of new episodes of disease (not unique persons) diagnosed in a given year. Cases are identified and submitted by health care providers to local health jurisdictions and entered into the Washington State Department of Health Public Health Information Management System – Sexually Transmitted Diseases (PHIMS-STD) data system. Additionally, cases of chlamydial infection reported through electronic lab reporting (ELR) alone are included in the final chlamydia case counts. To be included in surveillance reporting, each case must meet disease definitions (see below). Data presented in this report represent new cases of infection diagnosed during a given year and reported as of June 1, 2021.

Disease Definitions:

Chancroid

- A sexually transmitted infection caused by the bacterium *Haemophilus ducreyi* that may include the symptoms of painful genital sores and swollen pelvic lymph nodes. Cases are defined by laboratory detection of *H. ducreyi* from a clinical specimen.

Chlamydia (CT)

- A sexually transmitted infection caused by the bacterium *Chlamydia trachomatis* that may include the symptoms of swelling and pain in internal sexual organs, though the infection often has no symptoms in women. Cases are defined by laboratory detection of *C. trachomatis* from a clinical specimen.

Genital Herpes (HSV) – A sexually transmitted infection caused by the herpes simplex viruses type 1 and type 2 that may include the symptoms of blisters or sores in the genital area. Cases are defined by laboratory detection of herpes simplex virus (HSV1 or HSV2) or positive antibody response from a clinical specimen. Reportable cases include only adult genital initial infection and neonatal infection.

Gonorrhea (GC)

- A sexually transmitted infection caused by the bacterium Neisseria gonorrhoeae that may include the symptoms of swelling and pain in internal sexual organs, though the infection sometimes has no symptoms. Cases are defined by laboratory detection of the bacterium N. gonorrhoeae from a clinical specimen.

Granuloma Inguinale (GI) – A sexually transmitted infection caused by the bacterium Klebsiella granulomatis that may include the symptoms of slowly increasing genital sores and swollen pelvic lymph nodes. Cases are defined by microscopic examination of a clinical specimen.

Lymphogranuloma Venereum (LGV) – A sexually transmitted infection caused by three strains of Chlamydia trachomatis that may include the symptoms of genital sores and swollen pelvic lymph nodes. Cases are defined by laboratory detection of the L1, L2 and L3 serovars of *C. trachomatis* from a clinical specimen.

Syphilis

- A sexually transmitted infection caused by the bacterium Treponema pallidum that may include many kinds of symptoms or none at all, depending upon the stage of disease. Cases are defined and assigned a stage by a combination of positive blood tests, symptoms, and history of previous treatment. The U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) provides guidelines with additional details of surveillance definitions and staging criteria. The stages of primary and secondary (P&S) syphilis are grouped together for analysis in this report; these stages are the most infectious and the best indicators of recent infection.

Primary – identified by the presence of one or many painless sores. Secondary – identified by the presence of a rash on one or more areas of the body, often with fever, fatigue or other symptoms at the same time. Other Stages – additional stages of syphilis include early non-primary nonsecondary, unknown duration or late, congenital, and syphilitic stillbirths. See CDC guidelines for specific criteria: www.cdc.gov/std/

Incidence Rates: Incidence rates in this report are calculated as the number of new episodes of a disease (not unique persons) diagnosed in a given year divided by the total population (age- and sex-adjusted) for that year, expressed as a rate per 100,000. Incidence rates allow comparisons between two or more populations by standardizing the denominator and are the most appropriate statistic to use when investigating differences between groups. Rates are not presented when there were fewer than 17 cases of disease reported due to statistical instability concerns.

Limitations: The data presented in this report may be subject to a number of limiting factors. Clinically diagnosed cases (without laboratory confirmation) may be missed through public health surveillance systems. Depending upon diagnosing practices, completeness of reporting may vary by the source of health care. In addition, the diagnosing practitioner is responsible for providing the case information including the patient demographic data items of age and gender upon which many of the analyses in this report depend. Biases could exist in the data due to under-reporting, inability of certain populations to access medical services, errors in laboratory reporting, or differential reporting or screening by disease and source of care. Also, small increases or decreases in numbers from year to year can look large if the actual number of cases is small. Care should be taken in interpreting these data in light of known limitations.

<u>Population</u>: Denominator population estimates for 2001-2020 incidence rates are from Washington State Adjusted Population Estimates, Office of Financial Management (OFM), http://www.ofm.wa.gov/pop/. Denominator population estimates for 2020 are based on 6-year (2014-2019) extrapolations.

<u>Tabular Data</u>: The data tables are provided in hopes that community and local partners will use these historical data as a resource for future health planning. Data tables for additional years previous are available upon request.

Anyone with specific questions about how these data should be interpreted is encouraged to contact the Infectious Disease Assessment Unit's STI Surveillance team at 360-236-3445.

Benton County STI Disease Trends

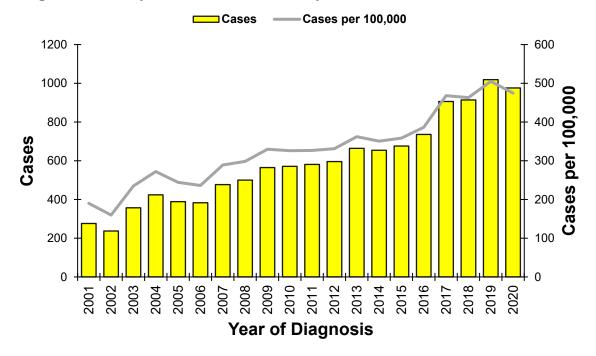
Table 1. Washington State Reportable Sexually Transmitted Infections, Benton County, 2020

Disease	County Cases	County Rate§	WA State Rate
Chlamydia	976	474.5	410.4
Gonorrhea	379	184.2	151.2
P&S Syphilis	31	15.1	10.9
Genital Herpes	77	37.4	18.0
Chancroid/GI/LGV	0		
Total	1,463		

[§] Crude incidence rate per 100,000 population.

Chlamydia

Figure 1. Chlamydia Cases, Benton County, 2001-2020



⁺ Rates are suppressed for counts under 17 with a corresponding RSE >25% due to statistical instability.

Gonorrhea

Cases -Cases per 100,000 Cases Cases per **Year of Diagnosis**

Figure 2. Gonorrhea Cases, Benton County, 2001-2020

Note: Incidence rates calculated based off counts less than seventeen (17) are suppressed in this figure due to statistical instability.

Primary and Secondary Syphilis

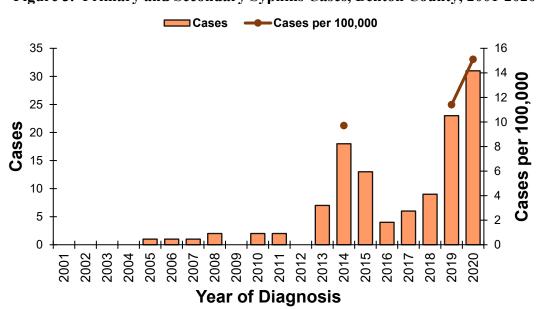


Figure 3. Primary and Secondary Syphilis Cases, Benton County, 2001-2020

Note: Incidence rates calculated based off counts less than seventeen (17) are suppressed in this figure due to statistical instability.

Data Tables

Table 2. Chlamydia Cases and Incidence Rates by Gender and Age Group, 2011-2020

	Age	То	tal	Mal	es	Fem	ales
	Group	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate
	0-14	+	+	+	+	+	+
	15-24	410	1705.2	81	659.4	329	2797.6
_	25-34	132	560.7	33	276.9	99	851.5
2011	35-44	29	131.8	+	+	+	+
C C	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	581	326.6	122	137.3	459	515.6
	0-14	+	+	0	0.0	+	+
	15-24	429	1764.9	78	628.1	351	2952.3
	25-34	132	553.0	38	313.9	94	798.9
2012	35-44	25	112.5	+	+	+	+
2	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	596	331.1	130	144.5	466	517.6
	0-14	+	+	0	0.0	+	+
	15-24	435	1770.4	80	638.0	355	2950.4
	25-34	190	782.5	65	526.5	125	1047.3
2013	35-44	30	132.2	+	+	+	+
2	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	1	+	0	0.0	1	+
	All Ages	664	362.1	158	172.3	506	551.9
	0-14	+	+	0	0.0	+	+
	15-24	415	1673.7	86	679.2	329	2711.6
	25-34	181	742.1	56	451.4	125	1042.9
2014	35-44	41	177.9	+	+	+	+
2	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	654	350.7	155	166.0	499	535.7
	0-14	+	+	+	+	+	+
	15-24	414	1650.8	85	663.8	329	2680.6
	25-34	184	761.0	53	431.1	131	1102.5
2015	35-44	55	237.5	23	196.2	32	279.9
2	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	676	358.4	170	180.0	506	537.5

⁺Data has been suppressed where counts are less than ten (10) or could be used to deduce other counts that are less than ten (10). Additionally, incidence rates calculated based off counts less than seventeen (17) are suppressed due to statistical instability.

Continued Table 2. Chlamydia

	Age Total		Ma	les	Fem	ales	
	Group	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate
	0-14	+	+	+	+	+	+
	15-24	437	1715.7	83	637.3	354	2844.0
10	25-34	225	973.0	76	647.9	149	1307.9
2016	35-44	59	255.3	22	187.1	37	325.8
C C	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	736	386.4	187	195.5	549	578.8
	0-14	+	+	0	0.0	+	+
	15-24	541	2117.5	111	849.3	430	3445.6
	25-34	263	1133.8	92	782.5	171	1494.9
2017	35-44	72	308.1	29	243.5	43	375.2
8	45+	+	+	10	+	+	+
	Missing	2	+	0	0.0	2	+
	All Ages	906	468.2	242	248.9	664	689.7
	0-14	11	+	+	+	+	+
	15-24	551	2148.4	124	946.4	427	3403.7
	25-34	260	1092.0	87	720.8	173	1473.7
2018	35-44	73	304.9	34	277.7	39	333.4
C C	45+	18	22.2	+	+	+	+
	Missing	1	+	0	0.0	1	+
	All Ages	914	463.0	252	254.0	662	674.1
	0-14	14	+	+	+	+	+
	15-24	593	2293.9	143	1082.0	450	3561.4
	25-34	307	1253.6	116	934.8	191	1581.0
2019	35-44	81	328.8	26	205.7	55	458.6
2	45+	23	27.7	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	1019	505.0	298	293.6	720	717.8
	0-14	10	+	+	+	+	+
	15-24	551	2106.3	126	941.0	425	3328.4
	25-34	305	1222.0	112	886.0	193	1566.8
2020	35-44	84	332.9	37	285.3	47	383.2
2	45+	25	29.4	+	+	+	+
	Missing	1	+	1	+	0	0.0
	All Ages	976	474.5	291	281.2	685	670.3

⁺Data has been suppressed where counts are less than ten (10) or could be used to deduce other counts that are less than ten (10). Additionally, incidence rates calculated based off counts less than seventeen (17) are suppressed due to statistical instability.

Note: Due to small number standards, gender data is only stratified by people who identify as male or female. People who identify as transgender, nonbinary, or other gender identity are included within the annual total case count. For this reason, total annual case counts may appear higher than the sum of individual cells.

Table 3. Gonorrhea Cases and Incidence Rates by Gender and Age Group, 2011-2020

	Age	Total		Males		Females	
	Group	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate
	0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	15-24	12	+	+	+	+	+
	25-34	12	+	+	+	+	+
2011	35-44	+	+	0	0.0	+	+
CV .	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	29	16.3	14	+	15	+
	0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	15-24	25	102.9	+	+	+	+
01	25-34	17	71.2	+	+	+	+
2012	35-44	+	+	+	+	+	+
CA .	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	1	+	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	49	27.2	20	22.2	29	32.2
	0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	15-24	44	179.1	15	+	29	241.0
	25-34	24	98.8	+	+	+	+
2013	35-44	+	+	+	+	+	+
(4	45+	+	+	+	+	0	0.0
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	87	47.4	31	33.8	56	61.1
	0-14	+	+	+	+	+	+
	15-24	70	282.3	22	173.7	48	395.6
_	25-34	51	209.1	23	185.4	28	233.6
2014	35-44	22	95.5	+	+	+	+
	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	153	82.0	67	71.8	86	92.3
	0-14	+	+	+	+	0	0.0
	15-24	55	219.3	24	187.4	31	252.6
10	25-34	60	248.2	28	227.7	32	269.3
2015	35-44	14	+	+	+	+	+
N	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	133	70.5	65	68.8	68	72.2

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Continued Table 3. Gonorrhea

	Age	Total		Mal	es	Females	
	Group	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate
	0-14	+	+	+	+	+	+
	15-24	70	274.8	29	222.7	41	329.4
40	25-34	114	493.0	57	458.9	57	500.3
2016	35-44	52	225.0	26	228.9	26	228.9
N	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	258	135.4	131	133.9	127	133.9
	0-14	0	0.0	+	+	+	+
	15-24	77	301.4	30	229.5	47	376.6
	25-34	95	409.6	52	442.3	43	375.9
2017	35-44	31	132.6	17	142.7	14	+
8	45+	14	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	217	112.1	106	109.0	111	115.3
	0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0	+	+
	15-24	87	339.2	40	305.3	47	374.6
	25-34	97	407.4	59	488.8	38	323.7
2018	35-44	41	171.3	+	+	+	+
8	45+	16	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	241	122.1	139	140.1	102	103.9
	0-14	+	+	0	0.0	+	+
	15-24	84	324.9	38	287.5	46	364.1
	25-34	84	343.0	55	443.2	29	240.1
2019	35-44	44	178.6	24	189.8	20	166.8
7	45+	+	+	17	41.6	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	235	116.5	134	132.0	101	100.7
	0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	15-24	95	363.2	47	351.0	48	375.9
	25-34	150	601.0	92	727.8	57	462.7
2020	35-44	102	404.2	56	431.8	46	375.1
2	45+	31	36.4	17	40.7	14	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	379	184.2	212	204.8	166	162.4

⁺Data has been suppressed where counts are less than ten (10) or could be used to deduce other counts that are less than ten (10). Additionally, incidence rates calculated based off counts less than seventeen (17) are suppressed due to statistical instability.

Table 4. P&S Syphilis Cases and Incidence Rates by Gender and Age Group, 2011-2020

	Age	Total		Ма	les	Fem	ales
	Group	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate
	0-14	*	*	*	*	*	*
	15-24	*	*	*	*	*	*
	25-34	*	*	*	*	*	*
2011	35-44	*	*	*	*	*	*
N	45+	*	*	*	*	*	*
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	2	*	*	*	*	*
	0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	15-24	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	25-34	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
2012	35-44	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
8	45+	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	0-14	*	*	*	*	*	*
	15-24	*	*	*	*	*	*
	25-34	*	*	*	*	*	*
2013	35-44	*	*	*	*	*	*
8	45+	*	*	*	*	*	*
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	7	*	*	*	*	*
	0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	15-24	+	+	+	+	0	0.0
	25-34	+	+	+	+	0	0.0
2014	35-44	+	+	+	+	+	+
N	45+	+	+	+	+	0	0.0
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	18	9.7	+	+	+	+
	0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	15-24	+	+	+	+	+	+
	25-34	+	+	+	+	0	0.0
2015	35-44	+	+	+	+	0	0.0
7	45+	+	+	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	13	+	+	+	+	+

^{*}For years with total case counts less than ten (10), stratified counts and rates have been fully suppressed to protect patient confidentiality.

⁺Data has been suppressed where counts are less than ten (10) or could be used to deduce other counts that are less than ten (10). Additionally, incidence rates calculated based off counts less than seventeen (17) are suppressed due to statistical instability.

Continued Table 4. P&S Syphilis

	Age	To	tal	Ма	les	Fem	ales
	Group	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate
	0-14	*	*	*	*	*	*
	15-24	*	*	*	*	*	*
	25-34	*	*	*	*	*	*
2016	35-44	*	*	*	*	*	*
7	45+	*	*	*	*	*	*
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	4	*	*	*	*	*
	0-14	*	*	*	*	*	*
	15-24	*	*	*	*	*	*
	25-34	*	*	*	*	*	*
2017	35-44	*	*	*	*	*	*
8	45+	*	*	*	*	*	*
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	6	*	*	*	*	*
	0-14	*	*	*	*	*	*
	15-24	*	*	*	*	*	*
	25-34	*	*	*	*	*	*
2018	35-44	*	*	*	*	*	*
N	45+	*	*	*	*	*	*
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	9	*	*	*	*	*
	0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	15-24	+	+	+	+	+	+
	25-34	+	+	+	+	+	+
2019	35-44	+	+	+	+	0	0.0
N	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	23	11.4	+	+	+	+
	0-14	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	15-24	+	+	+	+	+	+
	25-34	+	+	+	+	+	+
2020	35-44	+	+	+	+	+	+
~	45+	+	+	+	+	+	+
	Missing	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	All Ages	31	15.1	+	+	+	+

^{*}For years with total case counts less than ten (10), stratified counts and rates have been fully suppressed to protect patient confidentiality.

⁺Data has been suppressed where counts are less than ten (10) or could be used to deduce other counts that are less than ten (10). Additionally, incidence rates calculated based off counts less than seventeen (17) are suppressed due to statistical instability.